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CONSIDER IT

Washington People Did Not Mind Coxey,

And Society's Gay Whirl Was Uninterrupted.

"BETWEEN HE AND I."

The Amusing Mistake of a Republican Congressman.

WASHINGTON, May 5 .- [Special.] -When the comet scare was on a few years ago, a great astronomer was many times effect which the arrival of Coxey's army has had upon social matters in Washington, though some think it has tended to increase the normal gayety of the season. Their first Sunday in the District and on its border was unusually fine, all the bicyclers were out, and the demand for livery rigs was peculiarly active. A large section of the cabinet and invited guests set the example of gayety, and it has been active ly followed all the week. Secretaries Gresham and Carlisle, Postmaster General Bissell, Private Secretary Thurber, Hon. Don M. Dickinson and a few others sailed for Fort Monroe just as the avant couriers of the industrials crossed the border of the District and enjoyed themselves as hilariously down there for two or three days as if there was no such thing as the "army. General Schofield had scarcely sent off directions to the department commanders in the northwest to sustain the United States marshals when necessary when many war department officials took a brief holiday, and May day came in with all this region in its gayest mood.

Events In Society. Society began the month with at least the usual vivacity and has more than maintained it. The first event of importance was the Blaine-Beale wedding which has been so often described in advance, and which took place at the oft described Blaine residence on Lafayette square. This was followed by the highly fashionable entertainment on Tuesday evening at the Wit tingham institute on Chestnut avenue, Takoma park, and this on Wednesday evening by a number of lectures and entertainments in aid of various charities. Chief Engineer Webster, United States navy, gave an illustrated lecture on Samoa at St John's parish hall for the benefit of the Children's Country home.

Another great entertainment in the same line-that is to say, for charity's sake-was that given at Albaugh's Opera House under the patronage of Mrs. John G. Carlisle. The minuet was danced in the good old colonial style, and all the favorite old songs were sung in the attractive old way. Of things comparatively modern-that is, not more than 40 years old—were the songs "Old Kentucky Home" and "Lo, Hear the Gentle Lark" by Miss Rogers of beautiful weather, the cavalry drill at Fort Myer and other open air shows, if one may call them such, around the city were unusually well attended. The week's entertainments for charity concluded with the rendition of "Pinafore" and "Pirates of Penzance" by amateurs at the Academy of Music for the benefit of the National Homeopathic hospital. Take it all in all, if the Coxeyites should leave any sick and wounded with us, they will be well provided for.

Not Badly Frightened. While all these volunteer and nonprofessional entertainments were in progress theater managers showed very plainly that they were not arranging for bad business, for the combination of first class plays at

the various theaters was very unusual indeed for the season. If our people are scared over the Coxey business, they have taken a queer way of showing it. The real trouble seems to have come a long way from Washington, and the comments thereon of representative men here show no particular change of opinion. Many, of course, express sympathy with the unemployed poor, and a few think government with propriety could order some kind of public work done to give tempo-rary relief, but men of all parties agree that the industrials who have selzed trains should be promptly dealt with and by United States troops. Even the extremely mild resolutions introduced by Senator Al

len are generally disapproved on the ground that at a time like this congress should say nothing which the most heated imagina tion could construe into an approval of such a scheme as Coxey's.

The Wilson Bill. Whether by the continued prodding of their constituents or by the rapid advance of hot weather, members of both houses seem stimulated to an unusual degree of activity in putting forward the public business, and prophecies multiply that all will be ready for adjournment quite early in June. The minority in the senate have continued to assert, with great vehemence and as if it were a matter for shame and apology, that the majority members have been arranging a compromise, and the latter have continued to deny it with some thing like indignation; but, after all, it is only a matter of construing language. No member of the majority has denied for sev-eral weeks that the differences in the dominant party were to be reconciled so that all could vote for the bill, and most of them have been tolerably free to give their opinion as to the terms of the agreement. As it is a matter of well known history that no tariff bill ever did pass the senate that was not the result of a compromise, one is at a loss to know why the suggestion should be met with such indignation in this case. It is no news at this late day. but it is simply a certainty that the Wilson bill will be amended and reamended until it is in shape to get the vote of every mem-ber of the majority with possibly one ex-

ception. A Slip of the Tongue. In view of the storm created by the statement that a southern congressman once asked in a speech, "Where was I at?" it is hardly safe to report a sentence uttered in conversation by a Republican representative who is prominent enough to be spoken of as a candidate for president. Speaking of a fellow statesman, he said, "The differ-ence between he and I is," etc. The journalist to whom he said it was almost prostrated, and the speaker's colleague, who was also one of the party, enjoined the

strictest secrecy as soon as the talker's back was turned. It does seem queer that a rep-resentative of a state noted for its high standard of education should use such an expression as "between he and I," but like the expression "Where was I at?" and many others heard from congressmen it merely shows how defects of early training will constantly prove themselves among statesmen as well as other people.

SUPREME COURT DECISIONS

The following opinions were returned by the supreme court of the state of Kansas this 5th day of May, 1894.

Horton, C. J. A. P. Kelley et al, vs. B. F. Martin, error from Finney county, reversed; State ex rel, Attorney General vs. The D. C. M. & T. Rld Co. et al, original proceedings in mandamus, writ denied; Orchard Place Land Co. vs. Brady, et al, error from Wyandotte county affirmal. J. P. from Wyandotte county, affirmed; J. P. Freese vs. Edward Scouten, et al, error from Kiowa county, reversed; C. H. Maago, a great astronomer was many times appealed to by those anxious about the result in case the wanderer should strike the earth. His reply was that, the material of the comet being very many times thinner than common air, the effect of a collision would be about the same upon the earth as if a spoonful of jelly should be huried against Pike's peak. That is about the form Riowa county, reversed; C. H. Mabry vs. Thos. Harp, error from Cowley county, reversed; G. D. Hale vs. Oscar Bishoff, original proceedings in quo warranto, judgment for plaintiff; The City of El Dorado vs. C. O. Beardsly, appeal from Butler county, affirmed; E. S. Ralston et al, vs. The D. C. M. & T. Rid Co., et al, error from Ford county, affirmed; State of Kansas vs. John Sutton, appeal from Reno county, reversed; C. H. Mabry vs. Thos. Harp, error from Cowley county, reversed; C. D. Hale vs. Oscar Bishoff, original proceedings in quo warranto, judgment for plaintiff; The City of El Dorado vs. C. O. Beardsly, appeal from Butler county, affirmed; State of Kansas vs. John Sutton, appeal from Reno county, reversed.

Gregory Grocery Co. vs. Young & Con-boy, error from Johnson county, affirm-ed; J. T. Pattison vs. B. C. Galusha, error from Republic county, reversed; The Boston Loan & Trust Co. vs. W. M. Organ, et al., error from Lyon county, affirmed; State of Kansas vs. Morgan A. Stickney, error from Nemaha county, affirmed; Clara N. Sellers vs. Henry Gay, error from Wyandotte county, affirmed; E. S. Robinson vs. R. J. Waddell & Co., error from Franklin county, affirmed; City of Kansas City vs. Emma C. Slang-strom, error from Wyandotte county, af-firmed; Julius Winkelmeyer Brewing Association vs. M. K. Wolf et al., error from Barton county, affirmed; Laura Ferree vs. C. E. Walker et al., error from Wyandotte county, dismissed.

State ex rel. Naylor vs. B. C. M. & T. R. R. Co., error from Gray county, reversed; City of Kansas City vs. Engrina A. Brady et al, motion for rehearing, order for judgment set aside and new trial directed; Daniel Hennigh et al. vs. Com-mercial National bank, error from La-bette county, affirmed; Noyes Spicer vs. Martin L. Wheeler, error from Greenwood county, reversed; James Woodman wood county, reversed; James Woodman vs. Richard Hunter, error from Republic county, reversed; T. W. Gaunt vs. K. W. Harkness, error from Linn (o., reversed; Mary Buchtella vs. Frank Stepanek, er-ror from Republic county, modified; State of Kansas vs. Fred Miller, appeal from Douglass county, affirmed; State of Kansas vs. W. H. Whitmore, appeal from Kansas vs. W. H. Whitmore, appeal from Osborne county, reversed; The S. K. Ry. Co. vs. W. W. Painter, error from Sumner county, reversed; C. W. Dutton, County Clerk, vs. The Citizens' National Bank of Concordia, error from Cloud county, reversed; Morgan County in the State of Missouri vs. J. D. McRae, error from Linn county, affirmed; The Chicago Lumber Company vs. Ella Limerick, error from Wabaunsee county, affirmed; State ex rel Naylor vs. D. C. M. & T. Ry. Co., error from Gray county, reversed.

Per Curiam. Chas. W. Dutton vs. the First National bank of Concordia, error from Cloud county, reversed; First National bank of Tennessee. All this time, owing to the Garnett vs. R. S. Ayres, sheriff, error from Anderson county, affirmed: Hellen A. Berry vs. the K. C., F. S. & M. Railway company, error from Bourbon county, motion for a rehearing overruled; Wm. Blair vs. J. W. Platt, error from Comanche county, dismissed; W. H. Morgan vs. G. S. Smith, error from Montgomery county, dismissed; H. J. Harwi vs. Commissioners of Graham county, error from Graham county, dismissed; D. W. Craddock vs. the Stadden Grocery Co., error from Allen county, dismissed; Rose E. Sherman vs. D. L. McIntire, error from Comanche county, dismissed; Cornelia A. Hawk, et al, vs. Clara D. James, error from Johnson county, dismissed; J. F. Morris vs. Rufus Cone, et al, error from Sedgwick county, dismissed; James Ryan, et al, vs. C. R. McLane, error from Harvey county, dismissed; State of Kansas vs. Abe Lash, appealed from Leavenworth county affirmed; L. L. Van Brunt vs. Jacob Van Brunt, error from Pottawattomie county dismissed; C. A. Kaufmann vs. H. J. Palenske, error from Wabaunsee county, dismissed.

A KANSAS GIRL

Whe Holds an Important Position in a

Wisconsin Normal School. The Kansas City Gazette contains a half column article about Miss Gertrude Coburn, a daughter of Secretary Coburn of the state board of agriculture. Miss Coburn is now holding the position of principal of the sewing and cooking department of the state normal school at Menomonie, Wisconsin. She lived in Topeka and attended the public schools here in 1880 and afterward graduated with honor from the State Agricultural

Deafness Cannot be Cured. by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure Deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube gets inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed Deafness is the result, and unless the inflamation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Mrs. W. R. Stone, formerly of San Francisco, will make her first appearance before a Topeka audience at the kindergarten concert, Monday evening. Mrs. Stone has long studied with the best teachers in the west and possesses a voice of excellent range and quality, which together with a musical nature will place her with our best singers, and will be a valuable addition to musical

The A. O. U. W. brass band and orchestra will give a concert at Vinewood park tomorrow afternoon from two to five o'clock. Extra trains will leave Ninth and Monroe every thirty minutes after

Promoters of the Miners Strike at Pittsburg,

AreBusyCirculating Incendiary Speeches and Addresses.

OTHER STATE NEWS.

The Smallpox at Atchison is Spreading.

PITTSBURG, May 5 .- There is still hope that the proposed coal miners' strike may be settled before any overt steps are taken. Many miners do not favor striking, but they take no active part in opposition to it, while the agitators are urging their cause with much zeal. Literature of the following kind is being distributed freely by the advocates of a

FELLOW-MINERS! Strike for Your Rights.

Yes, strike, not here and there, but all over this broad land. From the Atlantic to the Pacific, every miner should on the first day of May drop his pick and shovel and be determined to risk no more his life at starvation wages.

We are slowly driven to the wall by reduction in our wages, and local strikes have proven worse than useless against the eucroachments of our tyrannical em-

Central Pennsylvania is threatened with another reduction of 10 per cent; West Virginia is fighting against reductions by local strikes; Onio has accepted a reduction of 20 cents per ton, and now Indiana, Illinois and other com-petitive fields, although prices are down low enough, will be asked to accept further reduction on account of this cowardly move of united Ohio. We are going down, and no one knows where this cut-throat competition to secure markets will stop unless we rise in our might and put an end to this unjust capitalistic system based upon fraud, robbery and brute force.

Our condition is worse than that of the black slave. Our employers have not even as much consideration for us as they have for their horses and mules. They are fed whether they work or not. When we work we only get at best a miserable living; when we have no work we soon have to beg or steal. Thousands of us are starving and our wives and children are crying for bread.

Shall we silently submit and starve like cowards? In the name of those so dear to us, we say no! a thousand times no! Let us be men. Let us act at once and strike for better conditions.

Oh! if we only knew our power and how to use it properly! We, the dirty miners, who are looked upon as an inferior and worthless class, can stop the wheels of industry. A general strike of miners means the closing up of factories and the stopping of traffic by rail or by water. We would be masters of the sit-

born with special rights and privileges: Why then follow the old conservative rut and willingly give up the wealth that we produce so the few may revel in luxury? It's time that we should put a stop to this bare-faced robbery, and plainly tell the idler that if he wants to eat he must also work. This present competitive system is rotten and must be destroyed. In the cities thousands of people are freezing for want of coal, and the miners are starving for want of work. Are not these shameful conditions? Can we imagine anything worse?

The capitalistic class has proven a failure in conducting the industries of this country for the benefit of the people. Only scoundrels and rogues can succeed today. Our jails are crowded with honest people, compared with the rich thieves and murderers that are running the country. We have been robbed and fooled long enough. Let us no longer be cowards.

Our only salvation is a general strike for conditions that will enable us to live like human beings. We have a right to enjoy the fruits of our labor, to enjoy some of the good things, some of the luxuries that ought to be at the reach of every worker in this age of electricity and continual wonders.

Let us then be prepared to enter this struggle on the 1st of May with a determination to win and put an end to this infernal system of monopoly, oppression and wage-slavery.

We have nothing to lose but our chains, but we have a world to gain.

TOPEKA SELECTED.

Kansas Medical Association Will Hold Its Next Meeting Here. Atchison, May 5 .- The following officers were elected by the Kansas Medical

association for the ensuing year: President, W. R. Priest, Concordia; first vice president, George M. Gray, Kansas City, Kas; second vice president, Dr. Tyler, Clifton; corresponding secre-tary, G. A. Wall, Topeka; treasurer, L. Reynolds, Holton; member judicial coun-

cil, C. A. McGuire, Topeka.

The society selected Topeka as the place for holding the next annual meet-

FIRST DEATH FROM SMALLPOX; The Disease Spreading at Atchison and Pest House is Enlarged. Archison, May 5 .- The first death

hat has occurred here from smallpox was America McAllister, wife of Chas. McAllister, a colored man. One of the McAllister children was first taken down, but has about recov-ered. Three other children are now

The board of health decided to put another room on the pest house, in the city park, and remove to such place all persons taken with the disease hereafer. The children now sick in the Mc-Allister, Boots and Scott families cannot be removed, and will be left where they

are, and the strict quarantine retained.

Dr. C. M. Linley, who has been attending the patients for \$10 a day, threw up the job and will not attend the patients in the future at any price. He tients in the future at any price. He could not afford to continue his visits, because of their effect on his practice, and because of family objection. Several Highest of all in Leavening Power.-Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

ABSOLUTELY PURE

new cases are reported, and will be investigated as soon as the board finds a physician to take the cases.

Treadwell Back in Jail. EMPORIA, May 5.-The burglar Treadwell has been returned to Emporia and placed in jail. As the case stands now Treadwell is under sentence of five years from one to five years. During his stay in Emporia he will be guarded at night. The St. Louis police will get the \$200 The coffered for his capture.

Got \$500 Instead of \$10,000.

EMPORIA, May 5.—In the case of Dora Carpenter vs. the city of Emporia, a damage suit for \$10,000, on account of injuries received by the plaintiff from a The defective sidewalk, the jury returned a verdict for \$500.

ENTERPRISE, May 5.—The semi-annual convention of the Y. P. S. C. E., of Dickinson county, began in the German Methodist church here today. Over 150 delegates are expected. The session continues over tomorrow. State President D. S. Kelly, speaks tomorrow night.

WE BREAD THE WORLD

which makes a handsome showing for were destroyed by cold. Kansas. He says:

Every day since the report on crop conditions of one month ago has been a He Is the Legal City Assessor Says the day of notable improvement agricultur-ally in every kansas county. All parts of the state have been visited by gentle rains (many portions from three to six or more times) which while sufficient to put the soil in the best possible state for An argument was made that Mr. Bisput the soil in the best possible state for working were not at any time so heavy nor long-continued as to delay work. As a whole the month has not been a

vegetation has not been of a steady, healthy character it was not nearly so rapid as would have resulted from a continuously higher temperature. It has been a period of steady plowing and planting, under weather and soil conditions as favorable as the farmers of any steady of the s

will not, because of an unfavorable fall the emoluments for the year in question. and winter, give but a poor return, and in untion and could dictate terms to our employers.

The theory that some people were born to work and suffer while others were born to lead a life of idleness and lead to the county be a fact not to be overlooked that the ground where such wheat has fallen has been at once available in the best possible tilth for the uses of corn or other later than the primary next between the county convention at the county convention luxury has been exploded. None are desired crops to which it is rapidly being planted.

Winter Wheat.

Rains and favoring weather have caused a development most gratifying; fields that in many counties a month ago were regarded as worthless, now indicate a partial crop from a scattering stand of healthy plants; great areas previously promising, but supposed to have been much if not fatally injured by the freezing weather following March 20, appear as practically unharmed, and this, with that not suspected of any such damage, is now variously described by correspondents as "good," "fine," "very good," "better than average," "looks well generally," "condition 150 per cent," "prospect for a big crop, extra good," "better than for several years," "splendid," su-perior," "all right," and "best in twenty-five years."

The counties from which the most highly favorable reports come are Allen, Anderson, Atchison, Bourbon, Brown, Chase, Chautauqua, Cherokee, Coffey, o'clock. Extra trains will leave Ninth Crawford, Dickinson, Doniphan, Doug las, Elk, Ellsworth, Franklin, Geary, Jackson, Jefferson, Jewell, AcPherson, Johnson, Labette, Leavenworth, Linn, Johnson, Labette, Leavenworth, Lina, Lincoln, Lyon, Marion, Miami, Mitchell, Montgomery, Morris, Nemaha, Osage Osborne, Ottawa, Pottawatomie, Riley, Saline, Sedgwick, Wabaunsee, Washington, Wilson, Woodson and Wyandotte, while Clark, Greeley, Hamilton, Ness, Morton and Wichita report their former poor prospects vastly improved.

These statements, applicable as they are to portions of the state producing great quantities of wheat, do not obscure the fact that in other portions the 'crop at best can amount comparatively to but little, the plants yet alive being so scattering as to constantly suggest the ques-tion as to whether the ground might not wisely be replanted to other crops.

Reports of correspondents quite unanimously agree that the freeze in March did but a fraction of the injury reared at the time, and that practically all of damage of failure sustained has been due to poor germination from dryness of the soil in the fall and the consequent later blowing of it from the plant-roots, causing them to perish. The indications are that the hard wheats have withstood the adverse conditions much the best. Chinch bugs are reported in various

localities, but in scarcely a single instance as doing any damage whatever. No mention is made of any other in-

The uniformly favorable weather and soil throughout the entire corn belt of the state during nearly or quite all of April have afforded a season well nigh unprecedented for the planting and germination of corn. An unusually large proportion of it is already in the ground; in the southern counties many fields are receiving their first cultivation and show a most satisfactory stand. In the central and northern counties the situation is equally encouraging, although work and growth are somewhat less advanced. The acreage planted will undoubtedly be very large, and augmented too by much ground upon which winter wheat has failed and where oats and spring wheat have been seriously harmed by March cold. Reports indicate that in Kansas the lister has become the corn-

planting machine of the day and has, at least for the time being, in a great measure superseded all others. Spring Wheat,

The area sown to spring wheat as re-ported by correspondents is less than that of last year by about one-fourth. Dry weather at the time of seeding prevented in the penitentiary, but will in all probability be prosecuted for jail breaking, which will add an additional sentence of from one to fine property of the cold period late in March retarded growth and reduced its vitality. Counties having the largest growth and reduced its vitality.

The conditions pertaining to winter wheat have been and are closely applicable to rye. In some localities tho prespect is good while in others but mod-

The acreage of last year was 1,758,107; reports point to a decrease from this of about 15 per cent and a condition which is 65 per cent of a good average. Not a

Pasturage in all portions of the state is rapidly coming forward and already sus-tains the live stock. Tame varieties of grasses are much the most advanced.

Fruit. Late varieties of apples as a whole are perhaps as promising of a good crop as in the most favorable of previous sea-And We Shall Be Able to Do It as sons; the injury supposed to have been wrought by cold in March proving but Secretary Coburn of the state board of same description applies to late and early agriculture, today issues his crop report cherries. Peaches, as noted a month ago

MR. HALE WINS.

Supreme Court.

Geo. D. Hale is now the legal assessor of the city of Topeka. The state su-

choff's acts if he made the assessment would be void. The court holds that all his acts as city assessor are legal until

region need ever hope for, and May 1894 opens upon them with unusually bright promise of bountiful crops.

This does not imply that in numerous counties much of the winter wheat sown

At a meeting of the Fifth ward county who wish to run to hand their names to the committeeman, J. M. Harr, before the morning of the 10th Inst.

Capital Council No. 1 Knights and Ladies of Security will give a social and dance, including ice cream, at K. P. hall, corner Sixth and Quincy streets, Tuesday evening, May 8th.

Hear the Modoc, Washburn Glee, Mandolin and Arion clubs at Hamilton hall

After three years you can't lose an accumulation policy in the New York

Life. Ask Wharton, Columbian block Best concert of the season, Hamilton nail Monday evening. Hear Prof. Leib.

Get double your money's worth and help a good cause by going to the Kin-dergarten concert Monday evening. The A. O. U. W. brass band and orches tra will give a concert at Vinewood park

and Monroe every thirty minutes after 12:10 p. m. Solos, Duetts, Quartettes and Choruses by our best talent-Kindergarten concert

Monday evening. Hear Prof. Leib, Mrs. W. R. Stone, Misses Best, Whiting, Norton, Burnham Monday evening at Hamilton hall.

Ladies' Home Missionary entertainment this evening at the residence of Clarence Skinner, 915 Monroe. Musical

and literary. Admission 25 cents. Peerless Steam Laundry 112 and 114

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFE.

FOUND—A lady's undressed kid glove. Own-er can have same by calling at Journal office and paying for this ad.

Blood

should be rich to nourish, Depleted blood means a pale

the cream of Cod-liver Oll, enriches the blood, restores a healthy color, cures Anzemia and tones up the system. Physicians, the world over,

endorse it. Don't be deceived by Substitutes!